

Physics 4311: Thermal Physics - Homework 8

due date: Tuesday, March 19, 2024, please upload your solution as a pdf on Canvas

Problem 1: Compressibilities of the ideal gas (10 points)

An ideal gas obeys the equation of state $pV = Nk_B T$. The internal energy is $U = (3/2)Nk_B T$. Starting from these relations, compute the following quantities

- isothermal compressibility κ_T
- adiabatic compressibility κ_S

Problem 2: Entropy of the ideal gas (10 points)

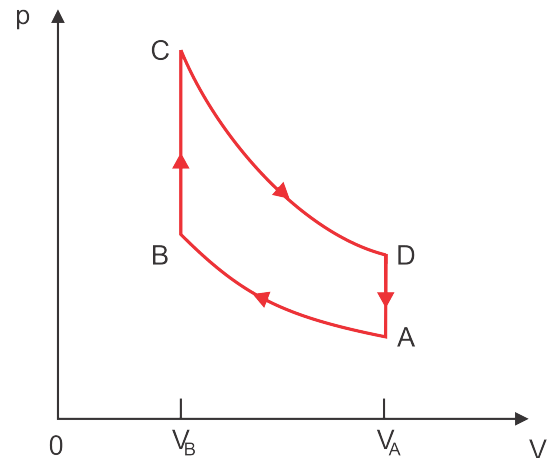
The equation of state of an ideal gas is $pV = Nk_B T$ with p being pressure, V volume, N the number of particles, k_B the Boltzmann constant, and T the temperature. The internal energy is given by $U = (3/2)Nk_B T$.

- Start from the first law, $dU = T dS - p dV$, and derive an expression for the entropy of the ideal gas as a function of T and V .
- Determine the behavior of S for $T \rightarrow 0$. What does the result mean?

Problem 3: Otto cycle (20 points)

The Otto cycle shown in the picture is an idealized version of the process taking place in a gasoline internal combustion engine.

Consider an Otto cycle using a (monoatomic) classical ideal gas of N atoms as working medium. The cycle consists of an adiabatic compression ($A \rightarrow B$), an isochoric heating ($B \rightarrow C$), an adiabatic expansion ($C \rightarrow D$), and an isochoric cooling ($D \rightarrow A$).



- Use the adiabatic temperature-volume relation to express the temperature T_B in terms of T_A , V_A , and V_B . Also express the temperature T_C in terms of T_D , V_A , and V_B .
- Find the heat Q_{BC} absorbed in process $B \rightarrow C$ and the heat Q_{DA} released in the process $D \rightarrow A$ in terms of the temperatures T_A , T_B , T_C , and T_D .
- Find the work W done by the engine during one cycle. (Use the 1st law!)
- The efficiency of the cycle is defined as $\eta = |W|/Q_{BC}$. Compute the efficiency in terms of the temperatures T_A , T_B , T_C , and T_D .
- Show that the efficiency depends on the compression ratio $r = V_A/V_B$ only. Express your result for the efficiency in terms of r .